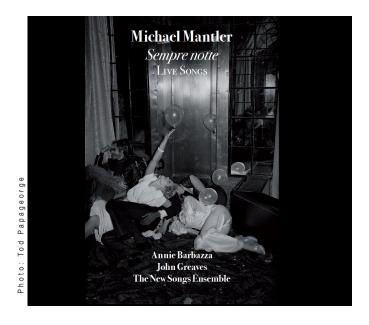
MICHAEL MANTLER SOLLS

31. AUGUST 2024



CD-PRÄSENTATION



MICHAEL MANTLER
THE NEW SONGS ENSEMBLE

SEMPRE NOTTE / LIVE SONGS



THE NEW SONGS ENSEMBLE

ANNIE BARBAZZA, JOHN GREAVES : VOICES

MICHAEL MANTLER : TRUMPET
GARETH DAVIS BASS : CLARINET
BJARNE ROUPÉ : GUITAR
DAVID HELBOCK : PIANO

KOEHNE QUARTET

JOANNA LEWIS : VIOLIN

ANNE HARVEY-NAGL : VIOLIN

ANNA MAGDALENA SIAKALA-TEUREZBACHER : VIOLA

ASJA VALCIC : CELLO

WORDS BY

SAMUEL BECKETT
ERNST MEISTER
GIUSEPPE UNGARETTI
PHILIPPE SOUPAULT
HAROLD PINTER
EDWARD GOREY
PAUL AUSTER
MICHAEL MANTLER

[1] **TODAY** (Instrumental)

[2] **WAR**

how is it possible? we are used to war we read about it we see it on TV but usually it's not so close but far away so we don't care

but this, now it's happening right here and doesn't stop it's close, so close how can it be?

that neighbors and friends will fight and rape torture, persecute and wound torment and victimize betray, forsake each other how is it possible?

[3] BUSINESS

weapons, they come from everywhere they come from the West they come from the East

it really is no problem there is no shortage it's good for business

everything's for sale, you want to buy a jet ? it can be done your choice of features just bring the cash and we deliver

some nice explosives maybe? no color, no smell undetectable, exportable, a terrorist's delight

how about some scrap uranium? that's easy too we have it all just ask and pay and fight your war

and we supply the means of death

[4] CE QU'A DE PIS

ce qu'a de pis le coeur connu la tete pu de pis se dire fais-les ressusciter le pis revient en pire

imagine si ceci un jour ceci un beau jour imagine si un jour un beau jour ceci cessait

silence tel que ce qui fut avant jamais ne sera plus par le murmure déchiré d'une parole sans passé

d'avoir trop dit n'en pouvant plus jurant de ne se taire plus

what is the worst the heart knew the head could at worst tell itself make them resuscitate

the worst comes back worse

imagine if this one day this one beautiful day imagine if one day one beautiful day this ceased imagine

a silence such as what was before never will be again for the wretched murmur of a word without a past having said too much overwhelmed swearing never to be silent again

[5] **PSS**

imagine

there the life late led down there all done unsaid again gone with what to tell on again retell head oh hands hold me unclasp hold me

[6] VIEIL ALLER

vieil aller vieux arrets aller absent absent

going absent absent arrêter stopping

rien nul nothing no one n'aura été will have been pour rien for nothing tant été have been so much

rien nothing nul no one

en face facing le pire the worst jusqu'à ce until

qu'il fasse rire it makes you laugh

chaque jour envie d'être un jour en vie non certes sans regret un jour d'être né

everyday wishing to be alive one day though not without regret of having been born one day

d'où la voix qui dit vis d'une autre vie wherefrom the voice saying live

from another life

old goings

old stoppings

fous qui disiez fools who were saying plus jamais never again

vite quick redites say it again

son ombre une nuit his shadow one night lui reparut reappeared to him

s'allongea stretched pâlit paled se dissolut dissolved

rêve dreaming sans fin endlessly ni trêve with no respite à rien of nothing

[7] DARKER THAN THE LIGHT

In the end one of the two savs: I've gotten you used to loneliness. In the end the other of the two says: Look, all that's close

Life connects only to life to nothing

is so far

so far.

else. The other is "there where one thinks nothing nothing nothing",

for ever.

Just as someone had thought, to die: To turn from one side of experience to one of emptiness, un-afraid, a change of cheeks, nothing more.

And what does this sun do to us what jumps out of the narrow gate of those great embers? I don't know anything darker than the light.

GIUSEPPE UNGARETTI

[8] SPEECHLESS

Mark, nothing
appears
now, yet
your hands
are not estranged
from each other,
they themselves
know nothing
of grasping

(the one who is dead had wondered about that). But what is this beyond sleep? Reason strolls through hot grasses,

Everything seems edge despite ("infinite") depth, decay clings to it like mould. I shudder.

god-less.

In the mind the eyelashes appearing all white, before the eyes unregal purple. In the region one hears a song without sound.

The breath exchanged indeed.

Now, lovely moment, the air stands still.

Not lonely and not to miss.

What had been oath, the stir of solitude.

I've told you what's dear to me in vain, and each may speak it's own in vain.

Many
have no speech.
Had I not my fill of misery, I
would not move my tongue.

[9] **SEMPRE NOTTE**

La mia squallida vita si estende più spaventata di sé

In un

infinito
che mi calca e mi
preme col suo
fievole tatto

L'ILLUMINATA RUGIADA

La terra tremola di piacere sotto un sole di violenze gentili

PROVERB! (UNO)

S'incomincia per cantare E si canta per finire

[10] È SENZA FIATO

È senza fiato, sera, irrespirabile, Se voi, miei morti, e i pochi vivi che amo Non mi venite in mente Bene a portarmi quando Per solitudine, capisco, a sera

[11] NON GRIDATE PIÙ

Cessate d'uccidere i morti, Non gridate più, non gridate Se li volete ancora udire, Se sperate di non perire

Hanno l'impercettibile sussurro, Non fanno più rumore Del crescere dell'erba, Lieta dove non passa l'uomo

EVERLASTING NIGHT

My squalid life stretches out more fearful of itself

In an infinity

which oppresses me and weighs heavy upon me through its light touch

THE SUNSTRUCK DEW

Earth quivers with pleasure beneath a sun whose violence is gentle

PROVERBS (ONE)

Beginning has us singing
And we sing to make an ending

MOTIONLESS

It is motionless, the evening, unbreathable, if you my dead and the few living beings I love do not come to mind and bear me affection when through solitude, I comprehend, at eventide

OUTCRY NO MORE

Stop killing the dead,
Outcry no more, do not outcry
If you would hear them still,
If you would hope not to die

Their whisper is imperceptible, They are no louder Than the growing of the grass, Happy where man does not pass

Words used and re-printed by permission, from *Room Without Walls, Sage Vom Ganzen Den Satz, Zeichen Um Zeichen*, published by The Red Hill Press and Hermann Luchterhand Verlag. English translations by Georg Gugelberger, Tatjana M. Warren and Robert L. Crosson.

Words used by permission of Anna Maria Ungaretti Lafragola and re-printed by permission of the publisher, Arnoldo Mondadori Edi tore, from *Vita d'un uomo: Tutte le poesie*, by Giuseppe Ungaretti, © 1992, Arnoldo Mondadori Editore S.p.A., Milan. English translations by Allen Mandelbaum and Frederic J. Jones

HAROLD PINTER

EDWARD GOREY

[12] CADENCE

Tout est gâché Tout est perdu Tout est gagné Tout est foutu Tout est en tout et tout et tout

Tout est à vous Tout est à nous Tout est à tous et tout et tout All is wasted
All is lost
All is won
All is shot
All is in all
and all and all

All is yours
All is ours
To all is all
And to everything

[13] A L'ABBATTOIR

Adieu lézards adieu corbeaux Bonsoir les hommes et vous les veaux Tout est à recommencer Quand vous gueulez Comme des damnés

Je sais bien que tout s'effondre Chaque jour et chaque nuit Que je n'ai plus rien à attendre Et que tout ce qui s'ensuit C'est de savoir que je suis dupe

Les soirs tombent comme les années Je ne sais même plus les compter Ce n'est plus jamais à prendre Mais pour toujours tout laisser Rien ne peut recommencer

Adieu vantard adieu salaud Bonsoir crétin et toi le veau C'est moi qui ai commencé Quand je gueulais Comme un damné

AT THE SLAUGHTERHOUSE

Good bye lizards good bye crows good night men and to you cattle A/I must start over when you are screaming like damned souls

Yes I know all is collapsing every day and every night that I have nothing left to hope for and all that's left is knowing that I'm a fool

Nights fall like years
I can't even count them now
It's never there to take again
only to leave forever
Nothing can begin again

Good bye braggart good bye bastard good night idiot and you the cattle I'm the one who started it when I was screaming like a damned soul

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[14] WHEN I RUN

when I run
when I run
when I run
over the grass
she floats
under me floating
under me
I turn
I turn
I wheel
I glide

I wheel in stunning light the horizon moves from the sun

I am crushed by the light

Words from the play *Silence*, used by permission, published by Grove Press, Inc., © 1969 H. Pinter, Ltd.

[15] **FOR INSTANCE**

for instance those shapes in the trees you'll find they're just birds resting after a long journey I go up with the milk the sky hits me I walk in this wind to collide with them waiting there are two they halt to laugh and bellow in the yard they dig and punch and cackle where they stand they turn to move look round at me to grin I turn my eyes from one and from the other to him from the young people's room silence sleep tender love it's of no importance

of no importance

[16] THE HAPLESS CHILD

there was once a little girl named Charlotte Sophia her parents were kind and well to do she had a doll whom she called Hortense one day her father a colonel in the army was ordered to africa several months later he was reported killed in a native uprising her mother fell into a decline that proved fatal her only other relative an uncle was brained by a piece of masonry Charlotte Sophia was left in the hands of the family lawyer he at once put her into a boarding school there she was punished by the teachers for things she hadn't done Hortense was torn limb from limb by the other pupils during the day Charlotte Sophia hid as much as possible at night she lay awake weeping and weeping when she could bear it no longer she fled from the school at dawn she soon lost consciousness and sank to the pavement a man came and took the locket with her parents pictures inside another man came from the opposite direction and carried her off he brought her to a low place he sold her to a drunken brute

MICHAEL MANTLER

Charlotte Sophia was put to work making artificial flowers she lived on scraps and tapwater from time to time the brute got the horrors

Charlotte Sophia's eyesight began to fail rapidly meanwhile her father who was not dead after all returned home every day he motored thru the streets searching for her at last the brute went off his head

Charlotte Sophia now almost blind ran into the street she was at once struck down by a car her father got out to look at the dying child she was so changed he did not recognize her

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[17] WHAT'S LEFT TO SAY

we've searched examined observed and scrutinized studied and inquired probed investigated explored and analyzed what have we learned what do we know now what do we think understand and realize

what's going on what is the point what have we found what do we ask what says it all what's to conclude what's left to say what is the word

Words from The School of Understanding, Copyright © 1996 Michael Mantler

[18] IT'S ALL JUST WORDS

if you have nothing to say it's all just words if you have something to say all just words if you have nothing to say it's all just words if you have something to say all just words if you have something to say all just words if you have nothing to say it's all just words if you have something to say it's all just words if you have something to say all just words

[19] WHAT DID YOU SAY

what did you say?
I can't remember maybe I didn't say anything suit yourself it makes no difference to me do you think we'll ever find it?
what?
I said do you think we'll ever find it?
I heard what you said then I said what oh you mean what yes what yes yes now I see what well?
I can't remember maybe I wasn't asking anything suit yourself it makes no difference to me

[20] WHAT DO YOU SEE

what did you say?

what do you see? nothing

what do you see? absolutely nothing what do you see?

nothing what do you see? absolutely nothing I said do you think we'll ever find it? I heard what you said then I said what

do you think we'll ever find it?

oh you mean what yes yes now I see what

well?

what?

I can't remember maybe I wasn't asking anything suit yourself it makes no difference to me

[21] IT MAKES NO DIFFERENCE TO ME

I can't remember maybe I didn't say anything

suit yourself it makes no difference to me

Excerpts from *Hide and Seek* by Paul Auster Published in *Hand to Mouth* by Henry Holt and Company, Inc. Copyright © Paul Auster 1997. Used and re-printed by permission

[22] UNDERSTANDING

understand understand understanding what does it mean many words to choose from in many languages but how to use them [how to make sense]

people talking from one country they speak the same have conversations they hear the words but do they really [understand each other]

people talking from different places in many languages they have studied intelligence and learning [is that the answer] but other people not knowing each others' speech they too communicate

it's really possible it has been done [but how]

perhaps they're tolerant humane, compassionate unbiased, openminded they're understanding they comprehend maybe and hear each other [without speaking]

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Samuel Beckett (1906-1989), Irish, went to Paris in the late Twenties, where he began writing both prose and poetry. Until 1945 he wrote in English, but thereafter directly in French, consciously choosing the estrangement of the second, adopted language to "write without style."

His literary output consists of novels, poetry, and plays, including his seminal *Waiting for Godot*, a classic of the contemporary theater. He is considered one of the most important writers of the 20th century, with an influence on contemporary literature as powerful as that of Joyce, Proust, and Kafka. In 1969 he was awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature.

Ernst Meister (1911-1979), German, was recognized as one of Germany's greatest modern poets, in the line of Hölderlin, Trakl, and Celan, the latter of whom he discovered. He was awarded a number of literary awards, including the Petrarca-Preis, the Rilke-Preis, and from the German Academy for Languages and Literature, posthumously, the Büchner-Preis.

Many of his poems, from his earliest publication in 1935 (Ausstellung) until his last and perhaps most achieved work (Wandloser Raum) in 1979, are meditations on death. He also published numerous other volumes of poetry and several radio plays.

Giuseppe Ungaretti (1888 -1970), the first and one of the most important and influential of modern Italian poets. He was born in Alexandria, Egypt. He studied at the Sorbonne, and while in Paris he became a close friend of Guillaume Apollinaire's. He published his first volume of poetry in 1916, a definitive break with the late 19th-century conventions of Italian poetry. After living in Italy for a number of years, he went to Brazil as a professor of Italian literature at the University of Sao Paulo. On his return he taught at the University of Rome.

His work deals with the large themes of human existence: loneliness, love, loss, nature. But above all, his work is a long record of confrontation with death. T.S.Eliot ranked Ungaretti as "one of the few authentic poets" of the century. He was nominated for the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1969.

Philippe Soupault (1897-1990), French, founded the review Litterature with Breton and Aragon in 1919, and was the co-author of *Les Champs magnétiques*, the first Surrealist text. He was active in French Dada and a central figure of Surrealism in its early years. He eventually drifted away from the movement and embarked on a prolific writing career, producing journalism, essays, poetry, pieces for radio and theater, and many novels, including his perhaps best known work, *Last Nights of Paris*.

He directed Radio Tunis from 1937 to 1940, when he was arrested by the collaborationist Vichy government, and spent six months in prison before escaping to Algiers and, eventually, to New York. He went on to serve as the American press officer for the Free French forces of Charles de Gaulle, and, after the war, taught briefly at Swarthmore College before returning to France.

Harold Pinter (1930–2008), was a British playwright, screenwriter, director and actor. A Nobel Prize winner (2005 - "who in his plays uncovers the precipice under everyday prattle and forces entry into oppression's closed rooms"), Pinter was one of the most influential modern British dramatists. His best-known plays include *The Birthday Party, The Homecoming* and *Betrayal*.

Edward Gorey (1925–2000) was an American writer, Tony Award-winning costume designer, and artist, noted for his own illustrated books as well as cover art and illustrations for books by other writers. Gorey's illustrated (and sometimes wordless) books, with his characteristic pen and ink drawings often depict vaguely unsettling narrative scenes in ostensibly Victorian and Edwardian settings.

Paul Auster (1947–2024) was an American novelist, essayist, translator, and poet. His three novels *City of Glass*, *Ghosts* and *The Locked Room*, comprising *The New York Trilogy*, brought him international recognition as a startlingly original writer. Since then he had published many novels, including *The Music of Chance* (which was nominated for a PEN/Faulkner Award and also made into a movie). Auster's other writings include poetry volumes, essays and memoirs, as well as the short play *Hide and Seek*, the basis for Michael Mantler's composition. Paul Auster's work has been translated into more than thirty languages and he is the recipient of several prestigious awards, including the Commandeur de L'Ordre des Arts et des Lettres and the Prix Medicis Etranger (for the best novel by a foreign author) in France.